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# **specdal Documentation**

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SpecDAL is a Python package for loading and manipulating field spectroscopy data. It currently supports readers for ASD, SVC, and PSR spectrometers. SpecDAL provides useful functions and command line scripts for processing and aggregating the data.

## 1.1 Interface

There are three options for using SpecDAL.

### 1. Python interface

The lowest level interface is for users to import `specdal` as a Python module. Functions in `specdal` are written to operate directly on Pandas Series and DataFrames. `specdal` also provides classes that wrap around Pandas objects for convenience to users not familiar with Pandas.

Users at this level are encouraged to check out the [data model](#), [Notebook examples](#), and the [API](#).

### 2. Command line interface

Alternatively, users can utilize the command line scripts that `specdal` provides. The following scripts are currently distributed:

- `specdal_info`: displays key information in a spectral file
- `specdal_pipeline`: converts a directory of spectral files into .csv files and figures

### 3. Graphical User Interface (GUI)

At the highest level, SpecDAL provides a GUI that requires no programming. GUI can be handy for tasks such as outlier detection. GUI is provided as an executable, `specdal_gui` on Linux/Mac and `specdal_gui.exe` on Windows.

## 1.2 Examples

Check out the example Notebooks [here](#).

SpecDAL is available via pip (`pip install specdal`) or on [Github](#). This page provides detailed walkthrough of the installation process intended for users who are not comfortable in Python environment.

## 2.1 Prerequisites

- python3
- pip3

### 2.1.1 Setting up the virtual environment (recommended)

Although not necessary, it is good practice to install Python packages in a virtual environment. Virtual environments provide an isolated and self-contained environment for your Python session, which can help prevent conflicts across packages. We will walk through the process of creating one on Ubuntu Linux for demonstration.

- Install virtualenv using pip installer.

```
$ pip install --user virtualenv
```

- Create a directory for storing virtual environments.

```
$ mkdir ~/venv
```

- Create a new virtual environment called `specdal_env` running python3 by default.

```
$ virtualenv -p python3 ~/venv/specdal_env
```

If you're curious, you can navigate to that directory and find all the components that make up a Python environment. For example, packages are installed in `~/venv/specdal_env/lib` and binaries are stored in `~/venv/specdal_env/bin`.

- Before starting a Python session, we can activate the virtual environment as follows.

```
$ source ~/venv/specdal/bin/activate
```

Note: On windows, there should be an executable `~/venv/specdal/bin/activate.exe` with a similar effect.

You'll notice the name of your virtual environment in parentheses.

```
(specdal_env) $
```

- Once in this environment, we can install and use SpecDAL or other packages.

```
(specdal_env) $ ... # install specdal
(specdal_env) $ ... # write and run programs
```

- When we're done, we can exit the virtual environment.

```
$ deactivate
```

## 2.2 Install via pip

- Stable version

```
$ pip3 install specdal --upgrade
```

- Latest development version

```
$ pip3 install specdal --pre
```

## 2.3 Install from Github

SpecDAL can be found on Enspec's Github [repo](#). Stable release can be found on `master` branch and the development version on `dev` branch.

### 2.3.1 Github walkthrough

1. Open terminal or Git-bash and navigate to the desired directory, `~/specdal` for this demo.

```
cd ~/specdal
```

2. The following command will clone the SpecDAL's Github repository.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/EnSpec/SpecDAL.git
```

You'll notice a new subdirectory `SpecDAL` with the source code.

3. Install SpecDAL.

```
$ cd ./SpecDAL
$ python setup.py install
```



### 2.3.2 Install in development mode

If you'd like to modify SpecDAL's source, it's useful to install the package in development mode.

- Install in development mode

```
$ python setup.py develop
```

- Modify the source and run/test it.
- Uninstall development mode

```
$ python setup.py develop --uninstall
```



SpecDAL relies on Pandas data structures to represent spectroscopy measurements. A single measurement is stored in `pandas.Series` while a collection of measurements is stored in `pandas.DataFrame`. SpecDAL provides `Spectrum` and `Collection` classes that wraps `Series` and `DataFrames` along with spectral metadata. Spectral operators, such as interpolation, are provided as functions on pandas objects or as methods of `specdal`'s classes.

## 3.1 Pandas Representation of Spectra

### 3.1.1 Series - single spectrum

### 3.1.2 DataFrame - collection of spectra

## 3.2 Spectrum and Collection Classes

### 3.2.1 Spectrum - single spectrum

### 3.2.2 Collection - collection of spectra

## 3.3 Operators



This is the class and function reference page of SpecDAL.

## 4.1 Spectrum

```
class specdal.containers.spectrum.Spectrum(name=None,    filepath=None,    measure-
                                         ment=None,    measure_type='pct_reflect',
                                         metadata=None,    interpolated=False,
                                         stitched=False,    jump_corrected=False,
                                         verbose=False)
```

Class that represents a single spectrum

**name:** **string** Name of the spectrum.

**filepath:** **string (optional)** Path to the file to read from.

**measurement:** **pandas.Series** Spectral measurement

**metadata:** **OrderedDict** Metadata associated with spectrum

Spectrum object stores a single spectral measurement using pandas.Series with index named: “wavelength”.

**get\_pct\_reflect** (*dataframe*)

Helper function to calculate pct\_reflect from other columns

pd.Series object for pct\_reflect

**interpolate** (*spacing=1, method='slinear'*)

**jump\_correct** (*splices, reference, method='additive'*)

**read** (*filepath, measure\_type, verbose=False*)

Read measurement from a file.

**stitch** (*method='mean'*)

## 4.2 Collection

```
class specdal.containers.collection.Collection (name, directory=None, spectra=None,
                                              measure_type='pct_reflect', meta-
                                              data=None, flags=None)
```

Represents a dataset consisting of a collection of spectra

**append** (*spectrum*)  
insert spectrum to the collection

**data**  
Get measurements as a `Pandas.DataFrame`

**data\_with\_meta** (*data=True, fields=None*)  
Get dataframe with additional columns for metadata fields

**data: boolean** whether to return the measurement data or not

**fields: list** names of metadata fields to include as columns. If `None`, all the metadata will be included.

`pd.DataFrame`: `self.data` with additional columns

**flags**  
A dict of flags for each spectrum in the collection

**groupby** (*separator, indices, filler=None*)  
Group the spectra using a separator pattern

**OrderedDict consisting of specdal.Collection objects for each group** key: group name value: collection object

**interpolate** (*spacing=1, method='slinear'*)

**jump\_correct** (*splices, reference, method='additive'*)

**max** (*append=False, ignore\_flagged=True*)

**mean** (*append=False, ignore\_flagged=True*)

**median** (*append=False, ignore\_flagged=True*)

**min** (*append=False, ignore\_flagged=True*)

**plot** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

**read** (*directory, measure\_type='pct\_reflect', ext=['.asd', '.sed', '.sig', '.pico', '.light'], recursive=False,*  
*verbose=False*)  
read all files in a path matching extension

**spectra**  
A list of `Spectrum` objects in the collection

**std** (*append=False, ignore\_flagged=True*)

**stitch** (*method='max'*)

**to\_csv** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

`specdal.containers.collection.df_to_collection` (*df, name, measure\_type='pct\_reflect'*)  
Create a collection from a `pandas.DataFrame`

**df: pandas.DataFrame** Must have `spectrum.name` as index and metadata or wavelengths as columns

**name: string** Name to assign to collection

c: `specdal.Collection` object

## 4.3 Operators

Specdal's operators perform on both pandas and specdal objects. In the following operations, pandas series and dataframes correspond to specdal's spectrum and collection, respectively.

`specdal.operators.get_column_types(df)`

Returns a tuple (wvl\_cols, meta\_cols), given a dataframe.

Wavelength column is defined as columns with a numerical name (i.e. decimal). Everything else is considered metadata column.

`specdal.operators.stitch(series, method='max')`

Stitch the regions with overlapping wavelength

series: pandas.Series object

**method: string** How to compute final value in case of overlap. "mean", "median", "min", or "max".

`specdal.operators.jump_correct(series, splices, reference, method='additive')`

Correct for jumps in non-overlapping wavelengths

**splices: list** list of wavelength values where jumps occur

**reference: int** position of the reference band (0-based)

`specdal.operators.interpolate(series, spacing=1, method='slinear')`

Interpolate the array into given spacing

series: pandas.Series object

**spacing: int** wavelength spacing to interpolate at (in nm)

**method: string** "slinear" or "cubic"

`specdal.operators.proximal_join(base_df, rover_df, on='gps_time_tgt', direction='nearest')`

Perform proximal join and return a new dataframe.

**base\_df: pandas.DataFrame** DataFrame of reference measurements

**rover\_df: pandas.DataFrame** DataFrame of target measurements

**proximal: pandas.DataFrame object** proximally processed dataset ( rover\_df / base\_df )

As a side-effect, the rover dataframe is sorted by the key Both base\_df and rover\_df must have the column specified by on. This column must be the same type in base and rover.

`specdal.operators.derivative(series)`

Calculate the spectral derivative. Not Implemented Yet.

## 4.4 Readers

Specdal's readers parse a variety of input formats into the common specdal.containers.spectrum.Spectrum data type. Readers are used internally by Spectrum and Collection when constructed with the filename argument, but can also be used individually.

`specdal.readers.read(filepath, read_data=True, read_metadata=True, verbose=False)`

Calls a reader function based on the extension of the passed filename. .asd: read\_asd .sig: read\_sig .sed: read\_sed .pico: read\_pico

`specdal.readers.asd.read_asd(filepath, read_data=True, read_metadata=True, verbose=False)`  
 Read asd file for data and metadata  
 2-tuple of (pd.DataFrame, OrderedDict) for data, metadata

`specdal.readers.sig.read_sig(filepath, read_data=True, read_metadata=True, verbose=False)`  
 Read sig file for data and metadata  
 2-tuple of (pd.DataFrame, OrderedDict) for data, metadata

`specdal.readers.sed.read_sed(filepath, read_data=True, read_metadata=True, verbose=False)`  
 Read sed file for data and metadata  
 2-tuple of (pd.DataFrame, OrderedDict) for data, metadata

`specdal.readers.pico.read_pico(filepath, read_data=True, read_metadata=True, verbose=False)`  
 Read pico file for data and metadata  
 2-tuple of (pd.DataFrame, OrderedDict) for data, metadata

## 4.5 Filters

Specdal’s filters operate on Collection objects, splitting them into “good” and “bad” spectra based on certain criteria.

`specdal.filters.filter_white(collection, wavelength0=0, wavelength1=10000, group='mean')`  
 Filter white reference spectra from collection

**good:** `specdal.containers.Collection` A new collection made of the spectra that passed the filter

**bad:** `specdal.containers.Collection` A new collection made of the spectra that failed the filter

`specdal.filters.filter_threshold(collection, wavelength0, wavelength1, low, high, group='mean')`  
 Filter the spectra from collection that have a value outside of (low,high). Parameters ——— collection: `specdal.containers.collection.Collection`

the collection to filter

**wavelength0:** `float` the starting wavelength to filter

**wavelength1:** `float` the ending wavelength to filter

**low:** `float` minimum allowed value between wavelength0 and wavelength1

**high:** `float` maximum allowed value between wavelength0 and wavelength1

**group:** `string` if there are multiple data points between wavelength0 and wavelength1, average them this way.  
 Options: “mean”, “median”, “min”, “max”

**good:** `specdal.containers.Collection` A new collection made of the spectra that passed the filter

**bad:** `specdal.containers.Collection` A new collection made of the spectra that failed the filter

`specdal.filters.filter_std(collection, wavelength0, wavelength1, std_thresh, group='mean')`  
 Filter the spectra from collection that have a standard deviation outside a certain threshold.

**collection:** `specdal.containers.collection.Collection` the collection to filter

**wavelength0:** `float` the starting wavelength to filter

**wavelength1:** `float` the ending wavelength to filter



**std\_thresh: float** remove spectra outside of std\_thresh standard deviations from the mean

**group: string** if there are multiple data points between wavelength0 and wavelength1, average them this way.  
Options: “mean”, “median”, “min”, “max”

**good: specdal.containers.Collection** A new collection made of the spectra that passed the filter

**bad: specdal.containers.Collection** A new collection made of the spectra that failed the filter

## 4.6 GUI

Specdal provides a Tkinter-based GUI for plotting and manually flagging spectra from Collections.

**class** specdal.gui.viewer.ColorPickerDialog (parent, start\_color=(0, 0, 0))

**class** specdal.gui.viewer.PlotConfigDialog (parent, xlim=(0, 1), ylim=(0, 1), title="", xlabel="", ylabel="")

**class** specdal.gui.viewer.ToolBar (canvas\_, parent, ax)

**home ()**

Override home method to return to home of most recent plot

**class** specdal.gui.viewer.Viewer (parent, collection=None, with\_toolbar=True)

**jump\_correct ()**

Only performs jump correction on 1000 and 1800 wvls and 1 reference

**save\_flag ()**

save flag to self.flag\_filepath

**save\_flag\_as ()**

modify self.flag\_filepath and call save\_flag()

**stitch ()**

Can't stitch one spectrum and plot the collection

**update ()**

Update the plot

**update\_selected (to\_add=None)**

Update, only on flagged



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## Specdal Pipeline Script

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Specdal provides a command line script `specdal_pipeline` for batch processing of spectral data files in a directory. A typical input to `specdal_pipeline` is a directory containing spectral files (i.e. `.asd` files), which will be converted into `.csv` files and figures of spectra. User can provide arguments to customize the processing operations (i.e. jump correction, groupby) and output (i.e. `.csv` file of group means). This page describes the usage and provides examples.

### 5.1 Usage

```
usage: specdal_pipeline [-h] [--proximal_reference PATH] [-o PATH]
                        [-op PREFIX] [-of] [-od] [-oi] [-i {slinear,cubic}]
                        [-is SPC] [-s {mean,median,min,max}] [-j {additive}]
                        [-js WVL [WVL ...]] [-jr REF] [-g] [-gs S]
                        [-gi [I [I ...]]] [-gmean] [-gmedian] [-gstd]
                        [-fstd w10 w11 n_std [w10 w11 n_std ...]]
                        [-fthresh w10 w11 LO HI [w10 w11 LO HI ...]] [-fwhite]
                        [-fg method] [-fo set] [-yl ymin ymax] [-q] [-f]
                        INPUT_PATH
```

### 5.2 Command Line Arguments

**positional arguments:** `INPUT_PATH` directory containing input files

**optional arguments:** `-h`, `--help` show this help message and exit

**`--proximal_reference PATH`** directory containing proximal reference spectral files

**`-o PATH`, `--output_dir PATH`** directory to store the csv files and figures

**`-op PREFIX`, `--prefix PREFIX`** option to specify prefix for output dataset files

**-of**, **--omit\_figures** option to omit output png figures  
**-od**, **--omit\_data** option to omit output csv files  
**-oi**, **--omit\_individual** option to omit output of individual csv file for each spectrum file  
**-i {slinear,cubic}**, **--interpolate {slinear,cubic}** specify the interpolation method. method descriptions can be found on scipy docs: <https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy-0.19.1/reference/generated/scipy.interpolate.interp1d.html>  
**-is SPC**, **--interpolate\_spacing SPC** specify desired spacing for interpolation in nanometers  
**-s {mean,median,min,max}**, **--stitch {mean,median,min,max}** specify overlap stitching method; not necessary if data at detector edges does not overlap  
**-j {additive}**, **--jump\_correct {additive}** specify jump correction method;  
**-js WVL [WVL ...]**, **--jump\_correct\_splices WVL [WVL ...]** wavelengths of jump locations  
**-jr REF**, **--jump\_correct\_reference REF** specify the reference detector (e.g. VNIR is 1, SWIR1 is 2)  
**-g**, **--group\_by** create groups using filenames“  
**-gs S**, **--group\_by\_separator S** specify filename separator character to define groups  
**-gi [I [I ...]]**, **--group\_by\_indices [I [I ...]]** specify the indices of the split filenames to define a group  
**-gmean**, **--group\_mean** calculate group means and append to group figures  
**-gmedian**, **--group\_median** calculate group median and append to group figures  
**-gstd**, **--group\_std** calculate group standard deviation and append to group figures  
**-fstd w10 w11 n\_std [w10 w11 n\_std ...]**, **--filter\_std w10 w11 n\_std [w10 w11 n\_std ...]**  
 Remove spectra from dataset with a pct\_reflect over n\_std away from the mean between wavelengths w10 and w11. Can specify multiple sets of wavenumber ranges and thresholds  
**-fthresh w10 w11 LO HI [w10 w11 LO HI ...]**, **--filter\_threshold w10 w11 LO HI [w10 w11 LO HI ...]**  
 Remove spectra from the dataset with a pct\_reflect outside (LO,HI)in the wavenumber range w10 w11. Can specify multiple sets of wavenumber ranges and thresholds  
**-fwhite**, **--filter\_white** Remove white reference spectra from dataset  
**-fg method**, **--filter\_group method** How to combine the wavelengths selected by -filter\_group.  
**-fo set**, **--filter\_on set** What subset of the data to apply filter on (collection, group or both)  
**-yl ymin ymax**, **--ylim ymin ymax** Force the y axis of plots to display between ymin and ymax  
**-q**, **--quiet**  
**-f**, **--force** if output path exists, remove previous output and run

## 5.3 Examples

For a description of all command line arguments: `specdal_pipeline --help`.

To produce an individual plot and textfile for every spectrum file in directory `/path/to/spectra/` and store the results in `specdal_output/`: `specdal_pipeline -o specdal_output /path/to/spectra/`

To only output whole-dataset images and files: `specdal_pipeline -oi -o specdal_output /path/to/spectra/`

To only output images, with no data files: `specdal_pipeline -od -o specdal_output /path/to/spectra/`

To group input files by the first 3 underscore-separated components of their filename (such that `foo_bar_baz_001.asd` and `foo_bar_baz_002.asd` will appear in one group, and `foo_bar_qux_001.asd` in another): `specdal_pipeline -g -gi 0 1 2 -- /path/to/spectra/`

To also output the mean and median of every group of spectra: `specdal_pipeline -g -gi 0 1 2 -gmean -gmedian /path/to/spectra/`

To remove all white reference spectra from the output dataset (leaves input files intact): `specdal_pipeline --filter_white /path/to/spectra/`

## 5.4 Filtering (WIP)

`specdal_pipeline` also provides the option to automatically filter spectra out of the dataset. This feature is not fully tested and may cause issues.

To remove all spectra with a 750-1200 nm reflectance that is greater than 1 standard deviation from the mean, or with a 500-600 nm reflectance that is greater than 2 standard deviations from the mean:

```
specdal_pipeline --filter_std 750 1200 1 500 600 2 -- /path/to/spectra/
```

To perform the filtering above, and then group the remaining spectra by filename:

```
specdal_pipeline --filter_std 750 1200 1 500 600 2 -g -gi 0 1 2 /path/to/spectra/
```

To group the spectra by filename, and then perform filtering on each group:

```
specdal_pipeline --filter_std 750 1200 1 500 600 2 -g -gi 0 1 2 --filter_on group /path/to/spectra/
```



## 6.1 Usage

```
usage: specdal_info [-h] [--raw] [--list_measure_types]
                  [--list_metadata_fields] [--measure_type MEASURE_TYPE]
                  [--metadata [FIELD [FIELD ...]]] [-n N] [-d]
                  FILE [FILE ...]
```

## 6.2 Command Line Arguments

**positional arguments:** `FILE` input directory containing input files

**optional arguments:** `-h`, `--help` show this help message and exit

`--raw` output raw dataframe and metadata and exit

`--list_measure_types` list measurement types and exit

`--list_metadata_fields` list metadata fields and exit

`--measure_type MEASURE_TYPE` type of measurement to read

`--metadata [FIELD [FIELD ...]]` specify metadata fields to display

`-n N`, `--N N` number of spectra to display from head and tail

`-d`, `--debug`





## CHAPTER 7

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